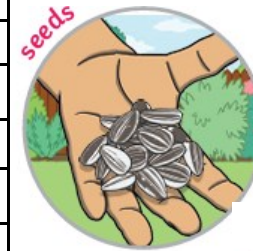


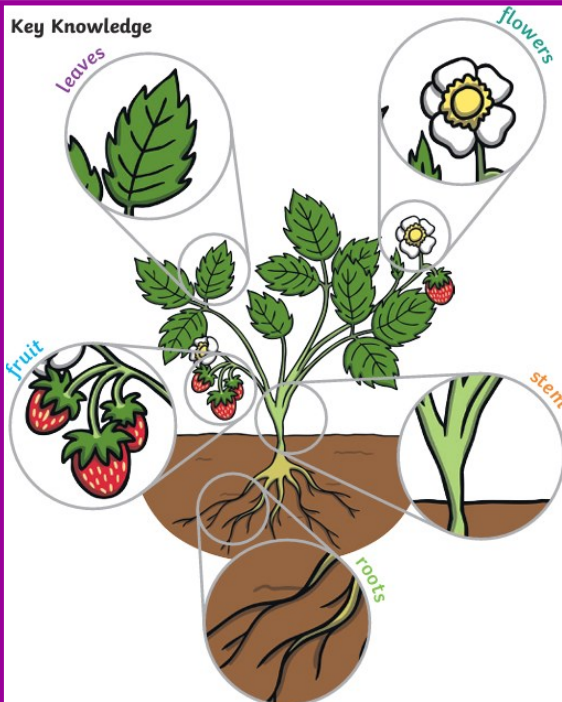
## Key Vocabulary

<b>Roots</b>	<b>Roots</b> take in water and nutrients from the soil and keep the plant in the ground.
<b>Stem</b>	The <b>stem</b> holds the plant up and carries the water and nutrients from the <b>roots</b> to the <b>leaves</b> and <b>flowers</b> .
<b>Leaves</b>	<b>Leaves</b> catch sunlight to help the plant to make its own food.
<b>Flowers</b>	<b>Flowers</b> attract insects and birds
<b>petals</b>	<b>Petals</b> are the colourful part of the <b>flower</b> .
<b>Fruit</b>	<b>Fruit</b> contains the plant's <b>seeds</b> . Sometimes humans try to grow <b>fruit</b> without <b>seeds</b> because it's easier to eat.
<b>Seed</b>	<b>Seeds</b> grow into new plants.
<b>Bulb</b>	<b>Bulbs</b> grow into new plants.
<b>Wild plants</b>	A <b>wild plant seed</b> grows where it falls. It doesn't need to be planted or cared for as it grows.
<b>Garden plants</b>	<b>Garden plants</b> are plants that people choose to grow in their gardens.
<b>Weed</b>	<b>Weeds</b> are <b>wild plants</b> that grow in places where people don't want them.
<b>Deciduous</b>	A <b>deciduous</b> tree loses its <b>leaves</b> each year.
<b>Evergreen</b>	An <b>evergreen</b> tree keeps its green <b>leaves</b> all year round, even in the winter.

## Plants Knowledge Organiser Term 5



### Key Knowledge



### Wild Plants

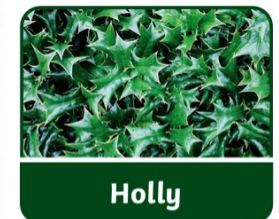
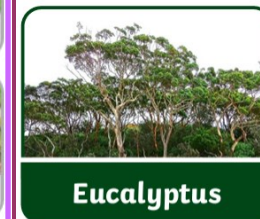


### Garden Plants



### Evergreen trees

Some examples of evergreen trees are:



### Deciduous trees

Some examples of deciduous trees are:

